



TO: NYSE Listed Company Executives
FROM: NYSE Regulation
RE: Listed Company Compliance Guidance for **NYSE Issuers**
DATE: January 10, 2018

Each year, the staff of NYSE Regulation prepares a guidance memo for important rules and policies applicable to companies listed on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE” or the “Exchange”). A complete text of Exchange rules can be found online in the [NYSE Listed Company Manual](#) (“Listed Company Manual”). In addition, our staff is always available to answer questions. We have included items that are new below, with important reminders and staff contact information in an appendix. Please note that this memo is applicable to all listed issuers, with any rule or policy differences for Domestic vs. Foreign Private Issuers (“FPIs”) identified within. We encourage you to provide a copy of this memo to appropriate executives and outside advisers who handle matters related to your listing on the NYSE.

WHAT’S NEW – 2017 AND 2018

Effectiveness of Rule to Shorten the Settlement Cycle (T+2) - took effect August 28, 2017

On August 28, 2017, the Exchange adopted new rules to reflect “regular way” settlement as occurring on T+2, which has, among other things, shortened the time period for which transactions in stocks are ex-dividend or ex-rights. The rules conform to the Securities and Exchange Commission’s (“SEC”) amendments to Rule 15c6-1(a). The rule change is available at [https://www.nyse.com/publicdocs/nyse/markets/nyse/rule-filings/sec-approvals/2017/\(SR-NYSE-2017-38\)%2034-81231.pdf](https://www.nyse.com/publicdocs/nyse/markets/nyse/rule-filings/sec-approvals/2017/(SR-NYSE-2017-38)%2034-81231.pdf).

Issuance of Material News in the Period Immediately After the Official Closing Time for the Exchange’s Trading Session – took effect December 4, 2017

On December 4, 2017, the Exchange adopted an amendment to Section 202.06 of the Listed Company Manual to limit the issuance of material news by listed companies in the period immediately after the official closing time for the Exchange’s trading session. Listed companies are prohibited from publishing material news after the official closing time for the NYSE’s trading session until the earlier of 4:05 p.m. Eastern Time (“ET”) or the publication of the official closing price of the listed company’s security. This rule is implemented to alleviate confusion caused by price discrepancies between the NYSE closing price and trading prices on other markets after the NYSE official closing time and before the NYSE closing auction is completed, which can be after 4:00 p.m. ET. The Exchange’s rule filing including the amended rule text can be found at [https://www.nyse.com/publicdocs/nyse/markets/nyse/rule-filings/sec-approvals/2017/\(SR-NYSE-2017-32\)%2034-82213.pdf](https://www.nyse.com/publicdocs/nyse/markets/nyse/rule-filings/sec-approvals/2017/(SR-NYSE-2017-32)%2034-82213.pdf).

Advance Notice of Dividend or Stock Distribution Announcements to the Exchange – to take effect
February 1, 2018

On June 13, 2017, the NYSE proposed a rule change to require listed companies to provide notice to the Exchange at least ten minutes before making any public announcement with respect to a dividend or stock distribution, including when the notice is outside of Exchange trading hours. The rule change is available at [https://www.nyse.com/publicdocs/nyse/markets/nyse/rule-filings/sec-approvals/2017/\(SR-NYSE-2017-17\)%2034-81393.pdf](https://www.nyse.com/publicdocs/nyse/markets/nyse/rule-filings/sec-approvals/2017/(SR-NYSE-2017-17)%2034-81393.pdf). The effective date will be February 1, 2018.

APPENDIX

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IMPORTANT REMINDERS: ALL ISSUERS

Please note that this appendix is applicable to all listed issuers, with any rule or policy differences for Domestic vs. FPI issuers identified within.

NYSE Timely Alert/Material News Policy

The Exchange's Timely Alert/Material News policy is designed to ensure that investors have access to all material news about a listed company prior to trading in its securities and that no investor can trade on the basis of news that has not yet been fully disseminated to the marketplace. In support of this policy, Sections 201 and 202 of the [Listed Company Manual](#) require listed companies to promptly release to the public any news or information which might reasonably be expected to materially affect the market for its securities. Listed companies may comply with the NYSE's Timely Alert/Material News policy by disseminating material news via a press release or any other Regulation FD-compliant method.

Companies are required to call the Exchange's Market Watch Group (at 212-656-5414 or 877-699-2578) when releasing material news any time between 7:00 a.m. ET and the end of the NYSE trading session (4:00 p.m. ET). Specifically, companies must call (i) ten minutes before the dissemination of news that is deemed to be of a material nature or that may have an impact on trading in the company's securities; or (ii) at the time the company becomes aware of a material event having occurred and take steps to promptly release the news to the public and provide a copy of any written form of that announcement at the same time via email to nysealert@nyse.com. While not intended to be an exhaustive list, examples of news the Exchange would consider to be potentially material include: earnings, mergers/acquisitions, executive changes, redemptions/conversions, securities offerings and pricings related to these offerings, major product launches, regulatory rulings, new patent approvals and dividend or major repurchase announcements. Once notified by the company, the Market Watch team will determine whether a temporary trading halt is necessary to ensure that the news has been fully disseminated to the marketplace.

In advance of issuance, a company must also provide the Exchange with a copy of the announcement, the Regulation FD-compliant method it intends to use to disseminate the news and how the Exchange can locate the information upon publication. This information should be emailed to nysealert@nyse.com. It is important that the company's representative calling the Exchange be knowledgeable about the details of the news being issued in case questions arise.

Please note that the Timely Alert/Material News policy also applies in connection with the verbal release of material news during the course of a management presentation, investor call or investor conference. The fact that any such presentation is conducted in compliance with Regulation FD does not mean that the listed company is exempt from compliance with the Timely Alert/Material News policy in connection with any material news provided in the course of that presentation.

Outside of the hours set forth in the first paragraph above, companies are not required to call the Exchange in advance of issuing news, although companies should still provide a copy of material news once it is disclosed (submit via e-mail to nysealert@nyse.com).

Please note that while a listed company must use its own discretion to determine whether a news event is material, the Exchange should be consulted if there is any uncertainty regarding the materiality of the announcement.

In addition, between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 9:25 a.m. ET, the Exchange will implement news pending trading halts only at the request of the company. Between the hours of 9:25 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. ET, it is the Exchange's obligation to institute a trading halt pending dissemination of news if the Exchange believes that news is material and the company has not yet disclosed the news in compliance with the Exchange's timely alert/material news policy. It is also the Exchange's obligation to resume trading once the news is broadly disseminated for all trading halts regardless of whether or not the halt was requested by the company.

Changes to the Date of a Listed Company's Earnings Release

Generally, listed companies publicly announce the date on which they intend to issue their quarterly earnings information. Occasionally, a company needs to change the date of its earnings release, at which time the company usually also makes a public announcement of the revised date. The Exchange believes that a change in the earnings announcement date can sometimes affect the trading price of a company's stock and/or related securities and those market participants who are in possession of this information before it is broadly disseminated may have an advantage over other market participants. Consequently, the Exchange believes that it is important for listed companies to promptly and broadly disseminate to the market non-selectively, news of the scheduling of their earnings announcements or any change in that schedule and to avoid selective disclosure of that information prior to its broad dissemination.

Share Reporting

Please note that the NYSE relies on listed company transfer agents or depository banks to report share information. Listed issuers are not required to report shares.

Annual Meeting Requirement

Section 302 of the [Listed Company Manual](#) states that a listed company must have an annual shareholders' meeting during each fiscal year. Please note that if a meeting is postponed or adjourned, the Exchange does not consider the company to have met the Section 302 requirement to hold an annual meeting.

Record Date Notification

In order to ensure that they are able to participate in shareholder meetings as well as receive company distributions and other important communications, investors must hold their securities on the relevant record date established by the listed company. The Exchange disseminates record date information to the marketplace so that investors can plan their holdings accordingly. Listed companies are therefore required to notify the Exchange at least ten calendar days in advance of all record dates set for any purpose. If a listed company changes a record date, it must provide another advance notice of at least ten

calendar days. The Exchange has established a uniform method for listed companies to follow when providing notice (see Section 204 of the [Listed Company Manual](#)).

Record date notifications can be submitted electronically through [Listing Manager](#) for cash and stock distributions or can still be emailed to the Exchange (dividend@nyse.com). Record date notifications for shareholder meetings can be submitted through egovdirect.com. Please also note that record date notifications must be communicated directly to the Exchange and publication of a record date by means of a press release or SEC filing does not constitute notice to the Exchange.

Record dates should not be set on a Saturday, Sunday or Exchange holiday. In rare situations, where the terms of a security mandate a record date that falls on a Saturday, Sunday or Exchange holiday, the company's announcements should make clear that the effective record date is the immediately preceding U.S. business day.

The Exchange has no authority to waive its record date notification requirement, so strict compliance with the notification rules is essential in order to avoid situations where record dates or dates for shareholder meetings, dividends or other corporate actions must be reset.

Separately, the Exchange recommends a 30-calendar day period between record date and a shareholder meeting date.

Proxy Materials

The Exchange has submitted a rule filing to the SEC, which is available at <https://www.nyse.com/publicdocs/nyse/markets/nyse/rule-filings/filings/2017/NYSE-2017-42,%20Refile%204.pdf>. This rule would allow companies to rely on the EDGAR submission of proxy materials in lieu of delivering hard copies to the Exchange. Listed companies will be informed when this rule change is approved.

Redemption and Conversion of Listed Securities

Advance notice to the Exchange is required for a full call redemption or conversion of a listed security. The Exchange disseminates this information to the investing public and tracks redemptions and conversions to ensure that any reduction in securities outstanding does not result in noncompliance with the Exchange's distribution and market capitalization continued listing standards. Accordingly, pursuant to Sections 204.08, 204.22 and 311.01 of the [Listed Company Manual](#), listed companies should promptly contact their Corporate Actions analyst at 212-656-5505 prior to issuing an announcement about the redemption or conversion of a security that is listed on the Exchange.

Annual Report Website Posting Requirement

Section 203.01 of the [Listed Company Manual](#) requires any company with voting or non-voting common securities listed on the Exchange that is required to file with the SEC an annual report that includes audited financial statements (including on Forms 10-K, 20-F, 40-F or N-CSR) is required to simultaneously make such annual report available to shareholders of such securities on or through the company's website. Separately, a listed company that is not required to comply with the SEC proxy rules must also:

- Post a prominent undertaking on its website to provide all holders the ability, upon request, to receive a hard copy of the complete audited financial statements free of charge; and

- Issue a press release which:
 - States that the Forms 10-K, 20-F, 40-F or N-CSR has been filed with the SEC;
 - Includes the company’s website address; and
 - Indicates that shareholders have the ability to receive hard copy of the complete audited financial statements free of charge upon request.

Corporate Governance Requirements

All companies listed on the Exchange are required to comply with certain corporate governance standards. To facilitate reporting of compliance with these ongoing obligations, the Exchange requires that listed companies file an Annual Written Affirmation each calendar year. These forms identify the Exchange’s corporate governance rules and ask listed company executives to affirm their compliance. For Domestic companies, the Annual Written Affirmation is due no later than 30 days after the company’s annual shareholders’ meeting or, if no annual meeting is held, 30 days after the company’s Form annual report is filed with the SEC. Domestic companies are not required to submit an Interim Written Affirmation for changes that occur after the annual meeting as these can be included in the Annual Written Affirmation. Domestic companies are also required to submit an annual CEO certification that confirms compliance with NYSE governance rules. FPIs are required to file an affirmation 30 calendar days after the Company’s annual report is filed with the SEC.

In addition, an Interim Written Affirmation must be filed promptly (within five business days) after any triggering event specified on that form.

The Annual and Interim Written Affirmations and CEO Certification can be created and filed electronically through egovdirect.com. The forms and instructions are also available on the Exchange’s [website](#).

FAQs about Section 303A Corporate Governance Standards can be found on the Exchange’s [website](#).

Transactions Requiring Supplemental Listing Applications

A listed company is required to file a Supplemental Listing Application (“SLAP”) to seek authorization from the Exchange for a variety of corporate events including:

- Issuance (or reserve for issuance) of additional shares of a listed security;
- Issuance (or reserve for issuance) of additional shares of a listed security that are issuable upon conversion of another security, whether or not the convertible security is listed on the Exchange;
- Change in corporate name, state of incorporation or par value; and/or
- Listing a new security (e.g., a new preferred stock, second class of stock, bond).

No additional shares of a listed security, or any security convertible into the listed security, may be issued until the Exchange has authorized a SLAP. Such authorization is required prior to issuance whether or not the security is to be registered with the SEC, including if conversion is not possible until a future date. The Exchange requests at least two weeks to review and authorize all applications. It is recommended that a SLAP be forwarded to the Exchange as soon as a listed company’s board approves a transaction. Section 703 of the [Listed Company Manual](#) provides additional information on the timing and content of SLAPs. Particular attention should also be given to Sections 303A.08, 312.03 and 313 of the [Listed Company Manual](#) (see [Shareholder Approval and Voting Rights Requirements](#) below) for Domestic companies.

Generally, Foreign Private Issuers may follow home country practice in lieu of these requirements. Please consult the Exchange if you have any questions.

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IMPORTANT REMINDERS: DOMESTIC ISSUERS

Broker Search Cards

SEC Rule 14a-13 requires any company soliciting proxies in connection with a shareholder meeting to send a search card to any entity that the company knows is holding shares for beneficial owners. The purpose of this requirement is to ensure that the company prepares a sufficient number of proxy materials to enable each beneficial owner to receive a copy. Rule 14a-13 requires that the search card must be sent: (i) at least 20 business days before the record date for the annual meeting; or (ii) at such later time as permitted by the rules of the national securities exchange on which the class of securities in question is listed. NYSE rules do not contain any provision permitting a listed company to send out its broker search card less than 20 business days before the record date for its annual meeting. Consequently, an NYSE listed company must comply with the 20 business day requirement of SEC Rule 14a-13 when sending out broker search cards in advance of its annual meeting.

NYSE Rule 452, Voting by Member Organizations

The Exchange reviews all listed company proxy materials to determine whether NYSE member organizations that hold customer securities in “street name” accounts as brokers are allowed to vote on proxy matters without having received specific client instructions.

The Exchange recommends that listed companies submit their preliminary proxy materials to the Exchange for review. Exchange staff is then able to provide a preliminary, confidential ruling (subject to a final review upon receipt of definitive materials) on the permissibility of broker voting under NYSE Rule 452 on each of the proposals included in the preliminary proxy statement. This preliminary review helps companies assess whether to include proposals in their definitive proxy statements and plan their solicitation activities. A submission of preliminary proxy materials should be marked to clearly indicate that it is in preliminary or draft form and that it is confidential.

Shareholder Approval and Voting Rights Requirements

The ability to vote on certain corporate actions is one of the most fundamental rights afforded to shareholders of companies listed on the Exchange. Among the matters on which shareholders may be required to vote include amendments to equity compensation plans and certain share issuances. Sections 303A.08 and 312.03, respectively, of the [Listed Company Manual](#) outline the Exchange’s shareholder approval requirements in this regard. Section 313 outlines the Exchange’s voting rights requirements.

The Exchange is unable to authorize transactions that violate its shareholder approval and/or voting rights rules. To avoid this undesirable outcome, listed companies are strongly encouraged to consult the Exchange prior to entering into a transaction that may require shareholder approval including, but not limited to, the issuance of securities: (i) with anti-dilution price protection features; ii) that may result in a change of control; (iii) to a related party; (iv) in excess of 19.9% of the pre-transaction shares outstanding;

and (v) in an underwritten public offering in which a significant percentage of the shares sold may be to a single investor or to a small number of investors.

Listed companies are also encouraged to consult the Exchange prior to entering into a transaction that may adversely impact the voting rights of existing shareholders of the listed class of common stock, as such transactions may violate the Exchange's voting rights rule. Examples of transactions which adversely affect the voting rights of shareholders of the listed common stock include transactions which result in a particular shareholder having: (i) board representation that is out of proportion to that shareholder's investment in the company; or (ii) special rights pertaining to items that normally are subject to shareholder approval under either state or federal securities laws, such as the right to block mergers, acquisitions, disposition of assets, voluntary liquidation, or certain amendments to the company's organizational/governing documents. It is important to note that shareholder approval of a transaction does not resolve a voting rights rule violation.

FAQs about Section 303A.08 (Stockholder Approval for Equity Compensation Plans) and interpretations of Section 313 (Voting Rights Interpretations Under Listed Company Manual Section 313) can be found on the Exchange's [website](#).

Quorum Requirements for Proposals at Shareholder Meetings

Section 312.07 of the [Listed Company Manual](#) provides that, where shareholder approval is required under NYSE rules, the minimum vote that constitutes approval for such purposes is approval by a majority of votes cast (i.e., the number of votes cast in favor of the proposal exceeds the aggregate of votes cast against the proposal plus abstentions).

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IMPORTANT REMINDERS: FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUERS

FPI Semi-Annual Reporting

NYSE listed FPIs are required to submit a Form 6-K to the SEC containing semi-annual unaudited financial information no later than six months following the end of the company's second fiscal quarter. The Form 6-K must include (i) an interim balance sheet as of the end of its second fiscal quarter and (ii) a semi-annual income statement that covers its first two fiscal quarters. If the issuer fails to file its semi-annual financial statements within the prescribed time period, the issuer will be subject to the late filer rules (set forth under Section 802.01E of the [Listed Company Manual](#)).

NYSE CONTACTS

Record Dates, Shareholder Meeting / Proxy Matters	Market Watch analyst at 877-699-2578 or 212-656-5414
Timely Alert / Material News Policy	Market Watch analyst at 877-699-2578 or 212-656-5414
Corporate Governance	See NYSE Issuer Regulation analyst contact on egovdirect.com or 212-656-4542
Supplemental Listing Applications / Shareholder Approval, Voting Rights	See NYSE Issuer Regulation analyst contact on egovdirect.com or 212-656-5846
Dividends, Conversions / Redemptions	Corporate Actions analyst at 212-656-5505
Listing Manager / egovdirect.com	212-656-4651 or ListingManager@nyse.com